

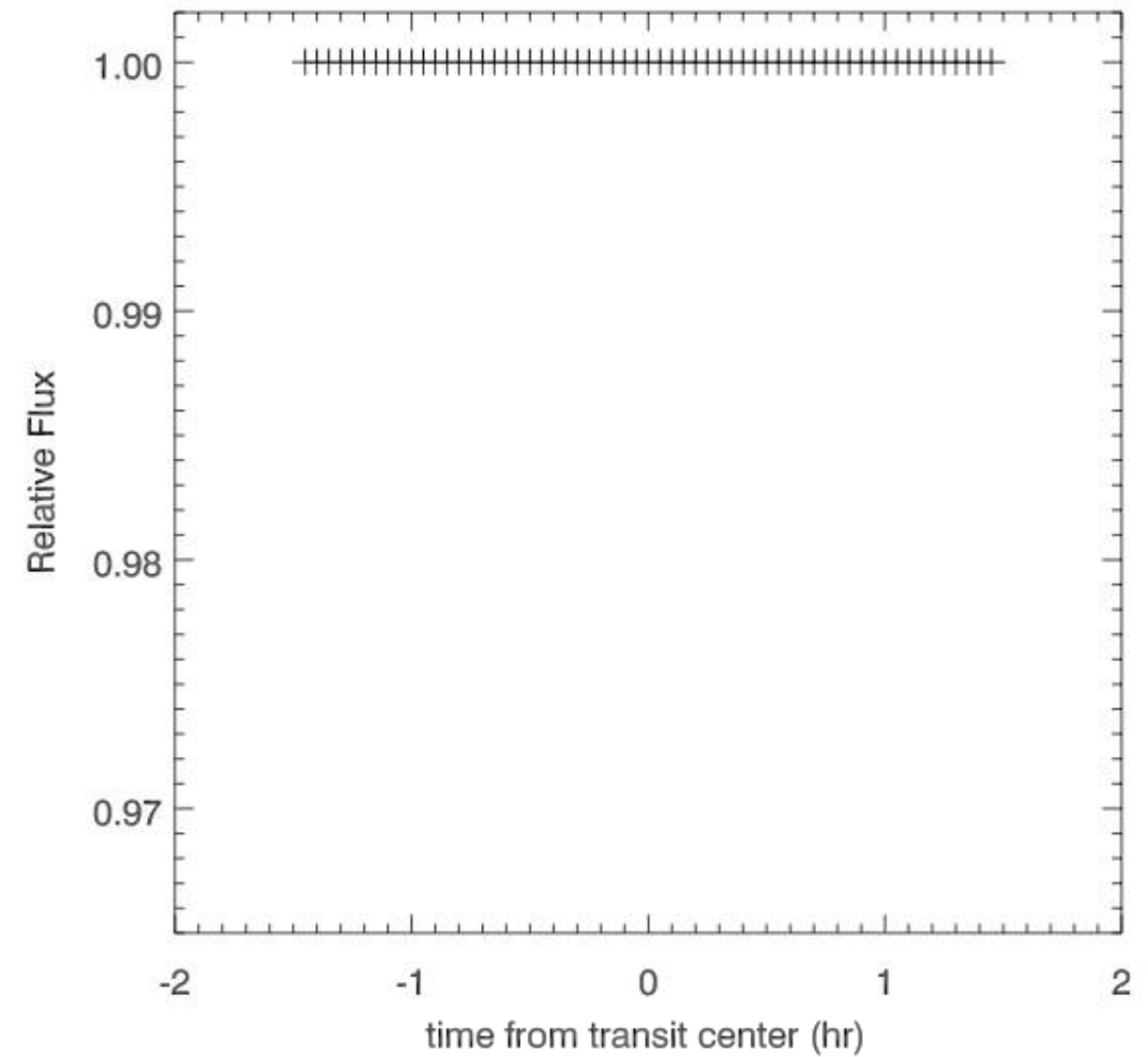
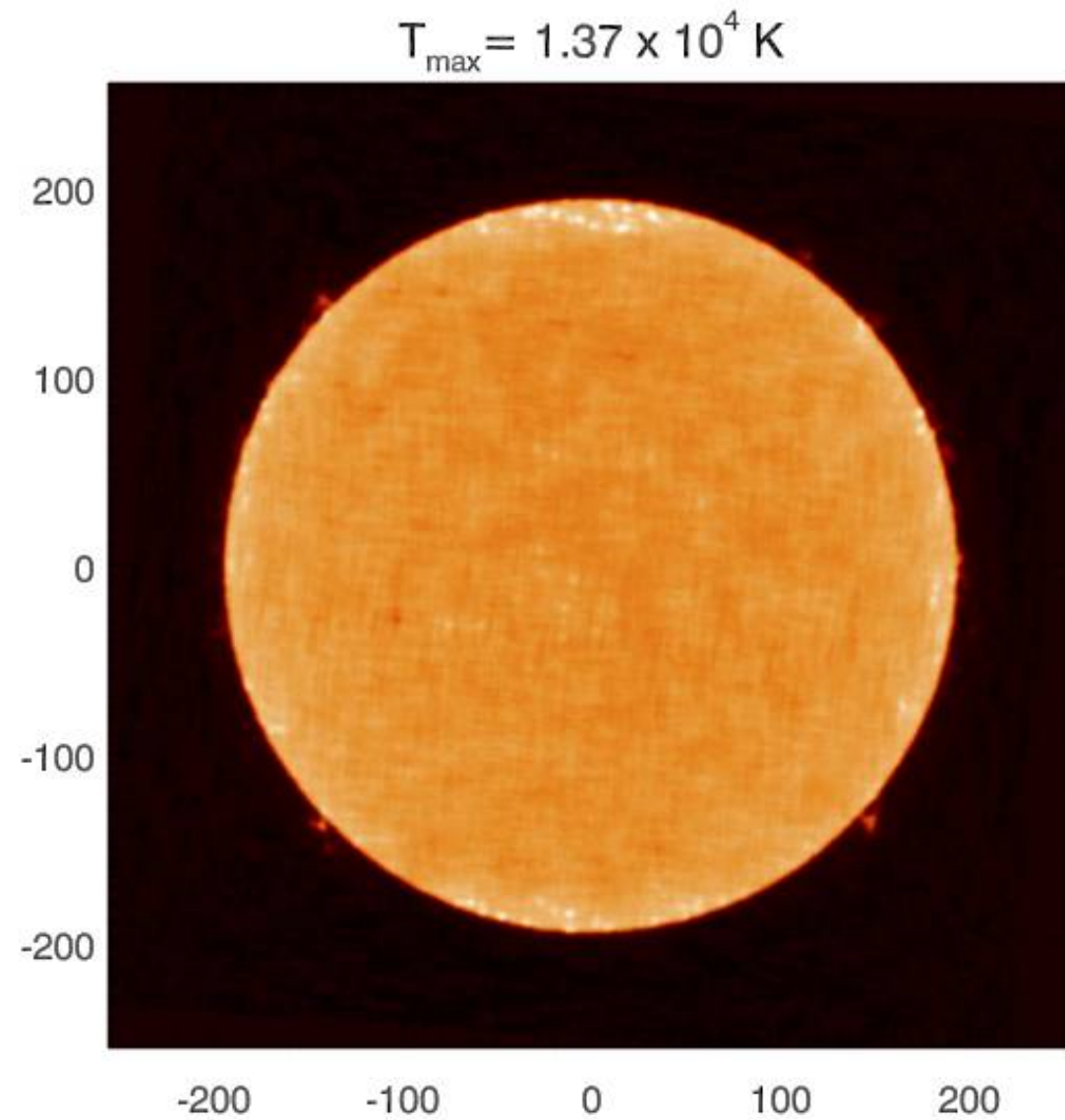
Simulations of planetary transits of solar like stars at radio wavelengths

Caius L. Selhorst



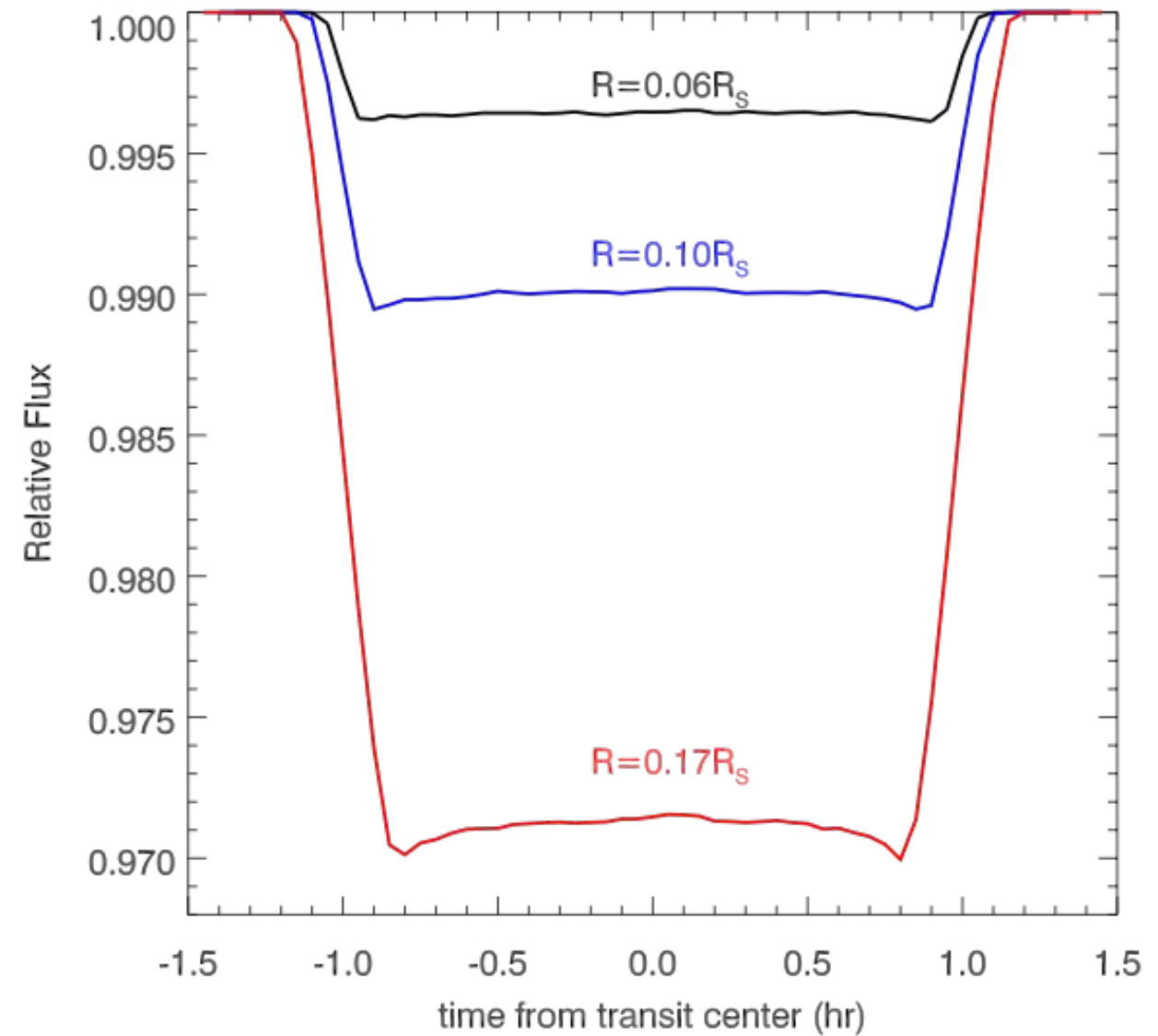
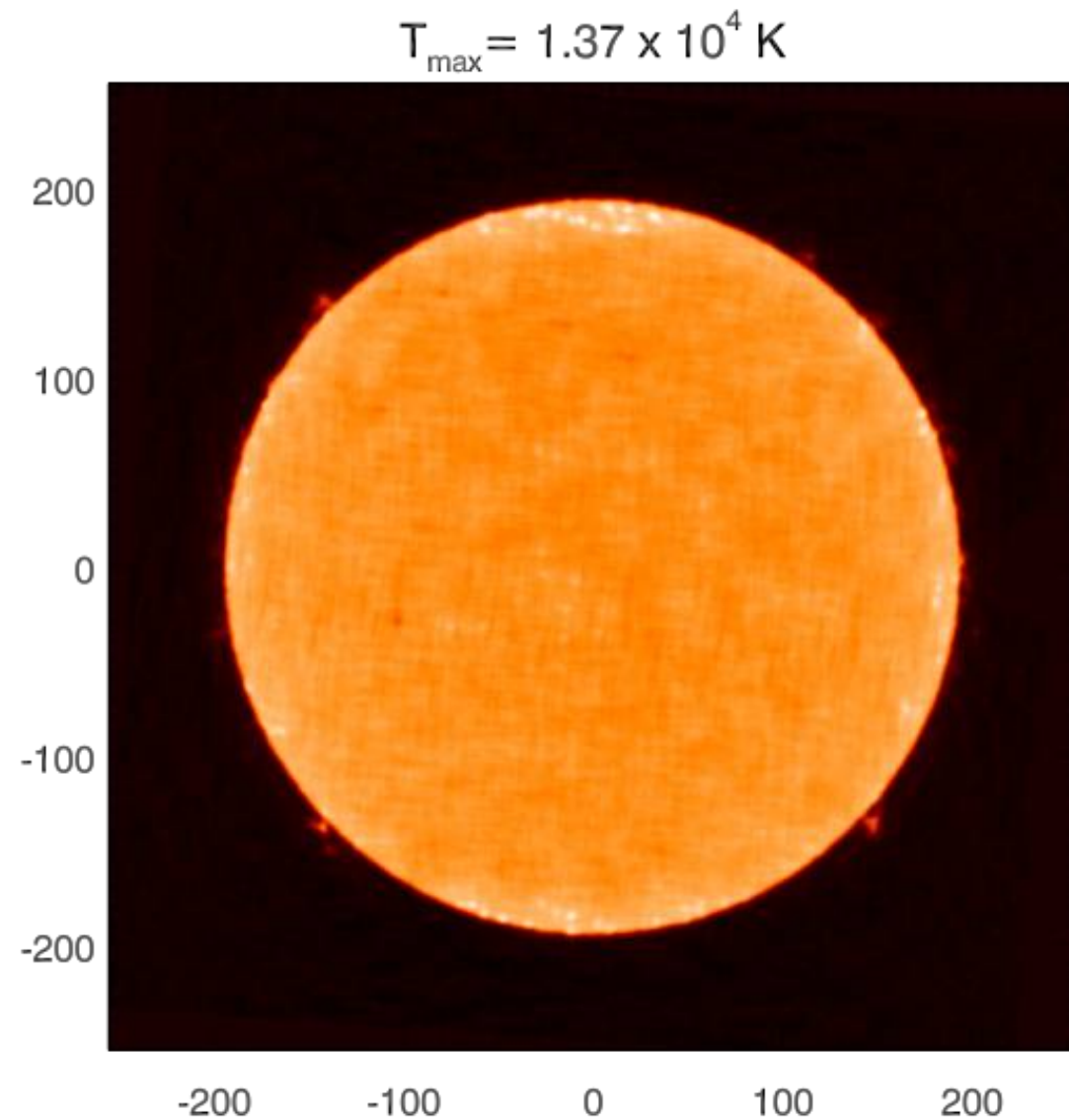
Simulations — Quiet Sun

- Bremsstrahlung emission
- Planet with opaque disk



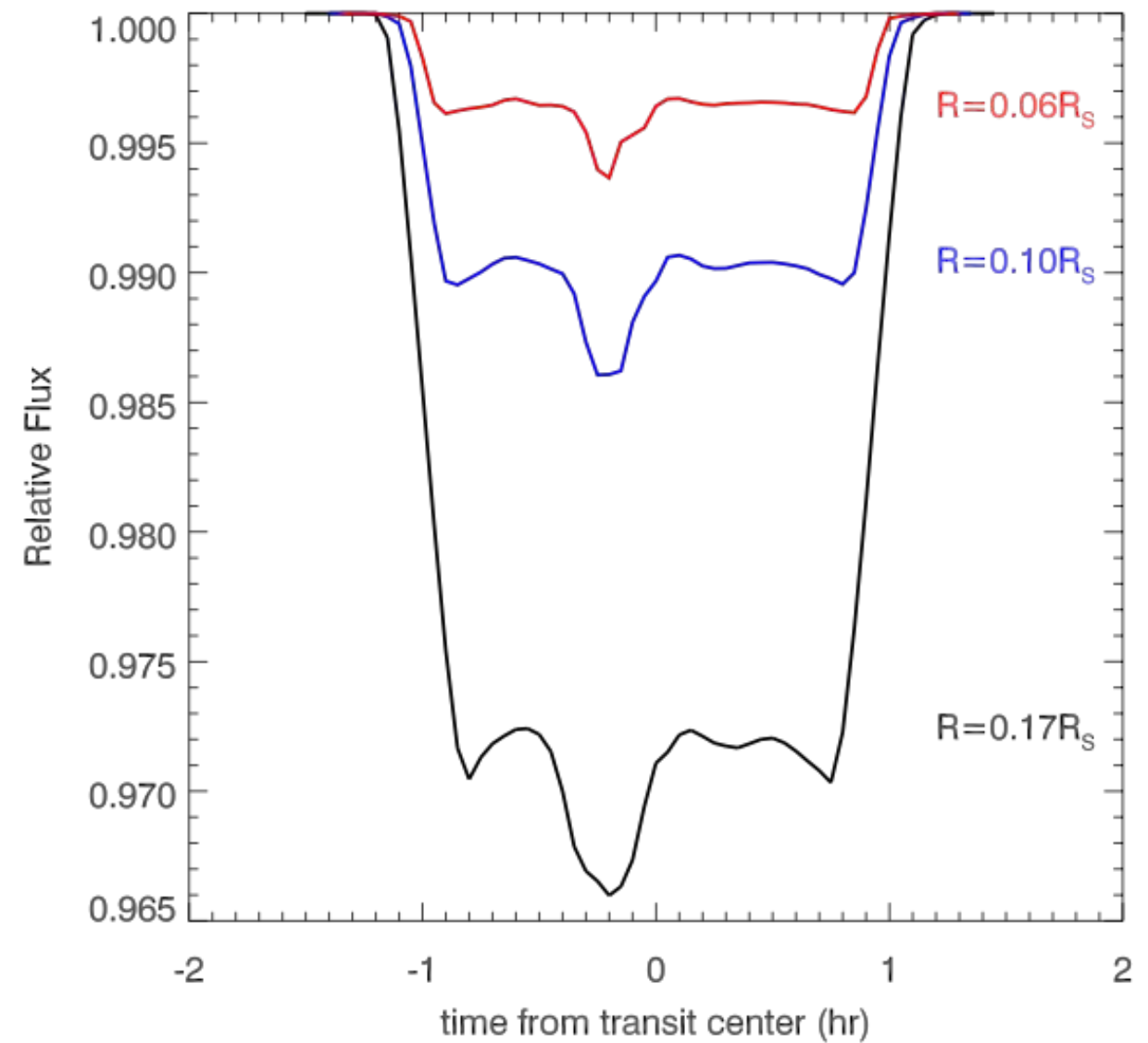
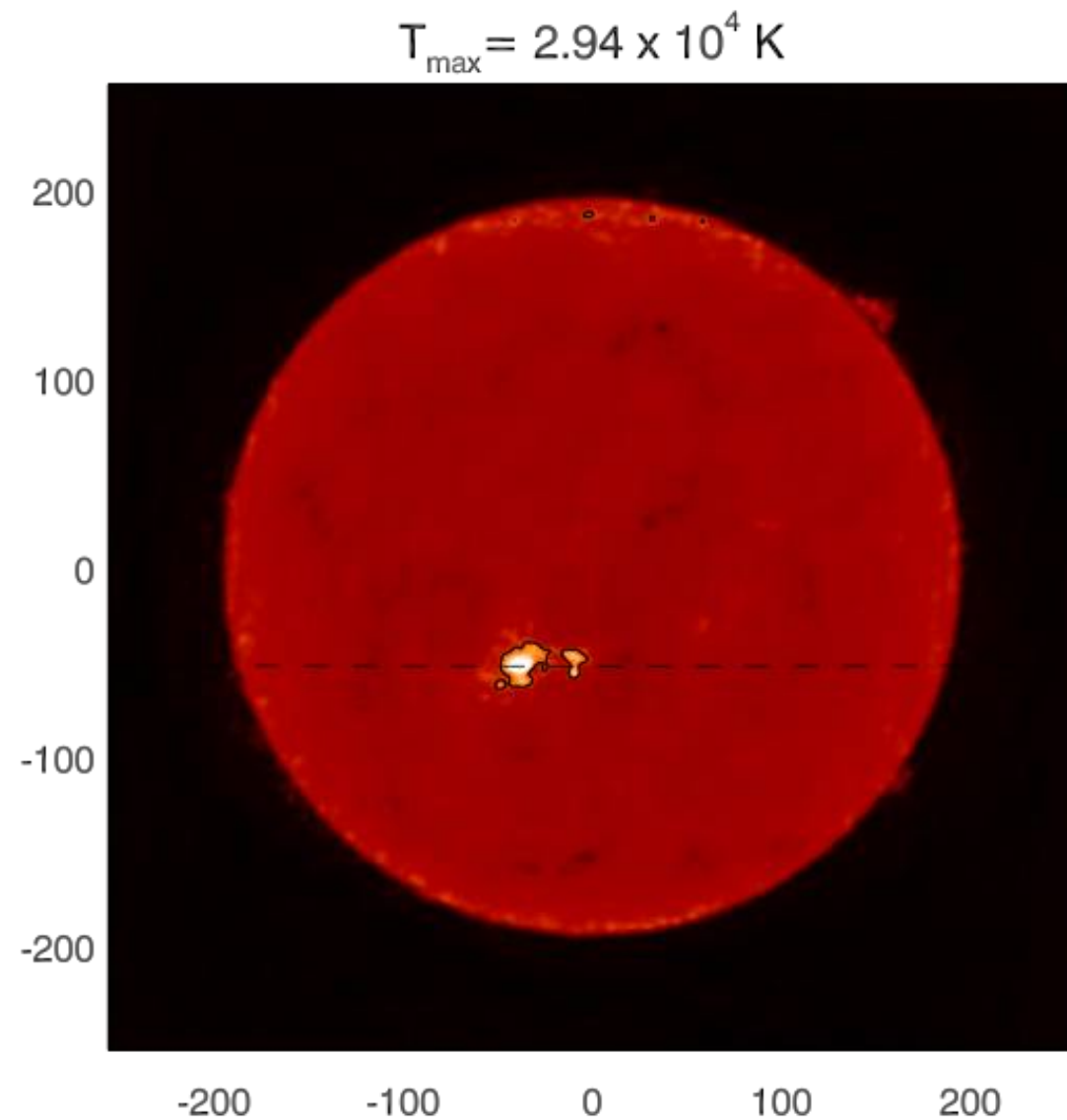
Simulations — Quiet Sun

- Bremsstrahlung emission
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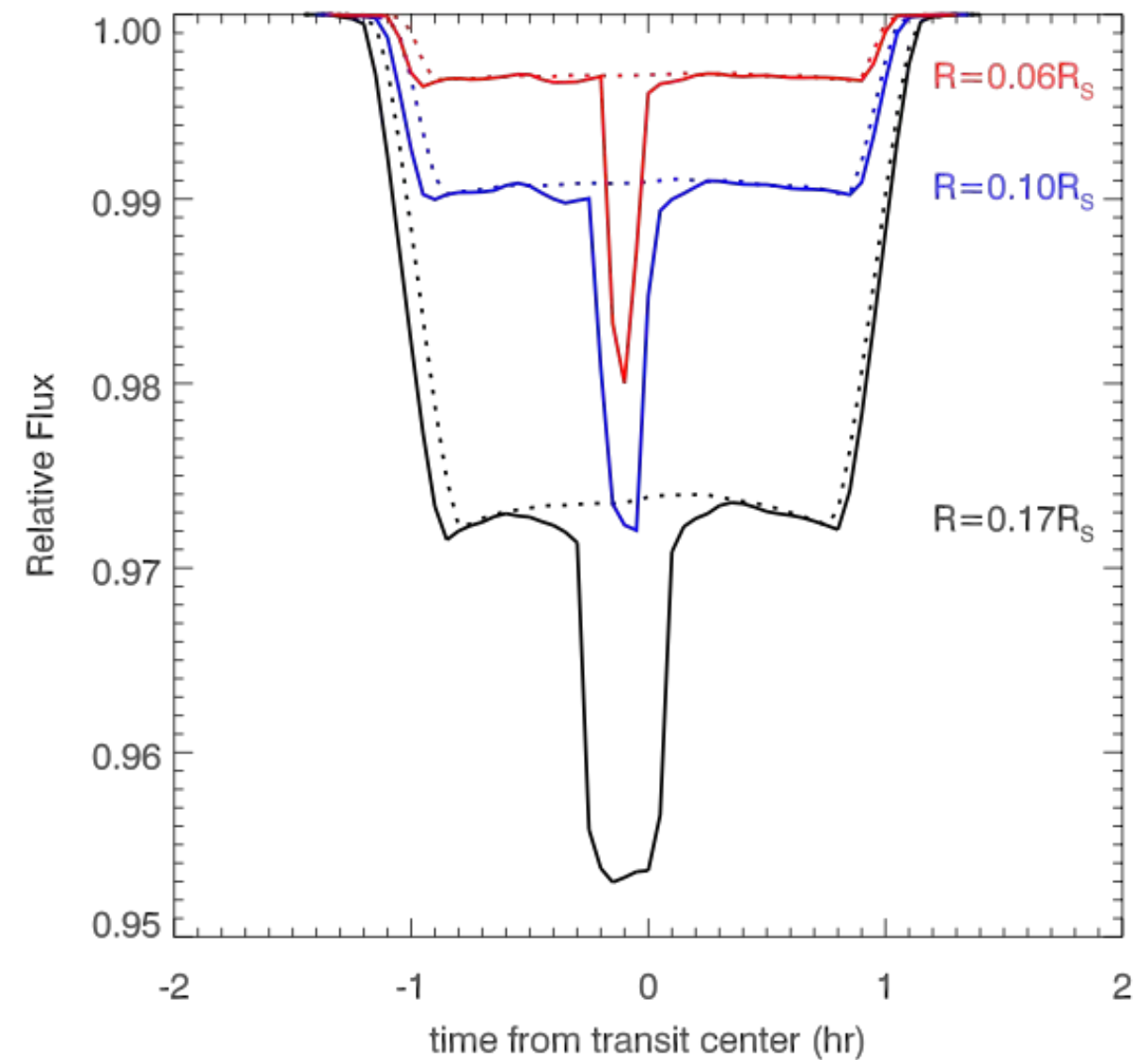
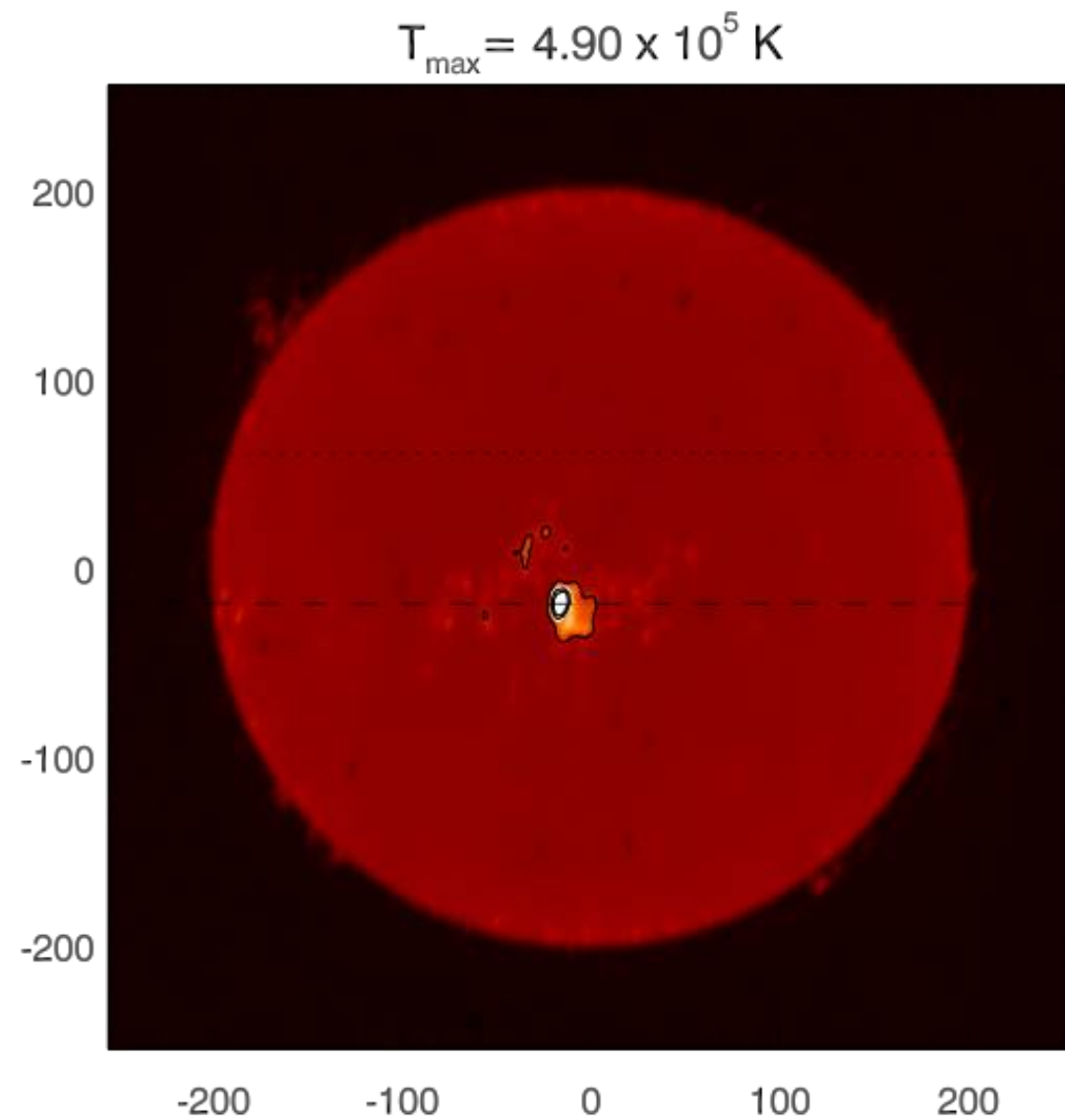
Simulations — Active Regions

— Active region emission: Bremsstrahlung

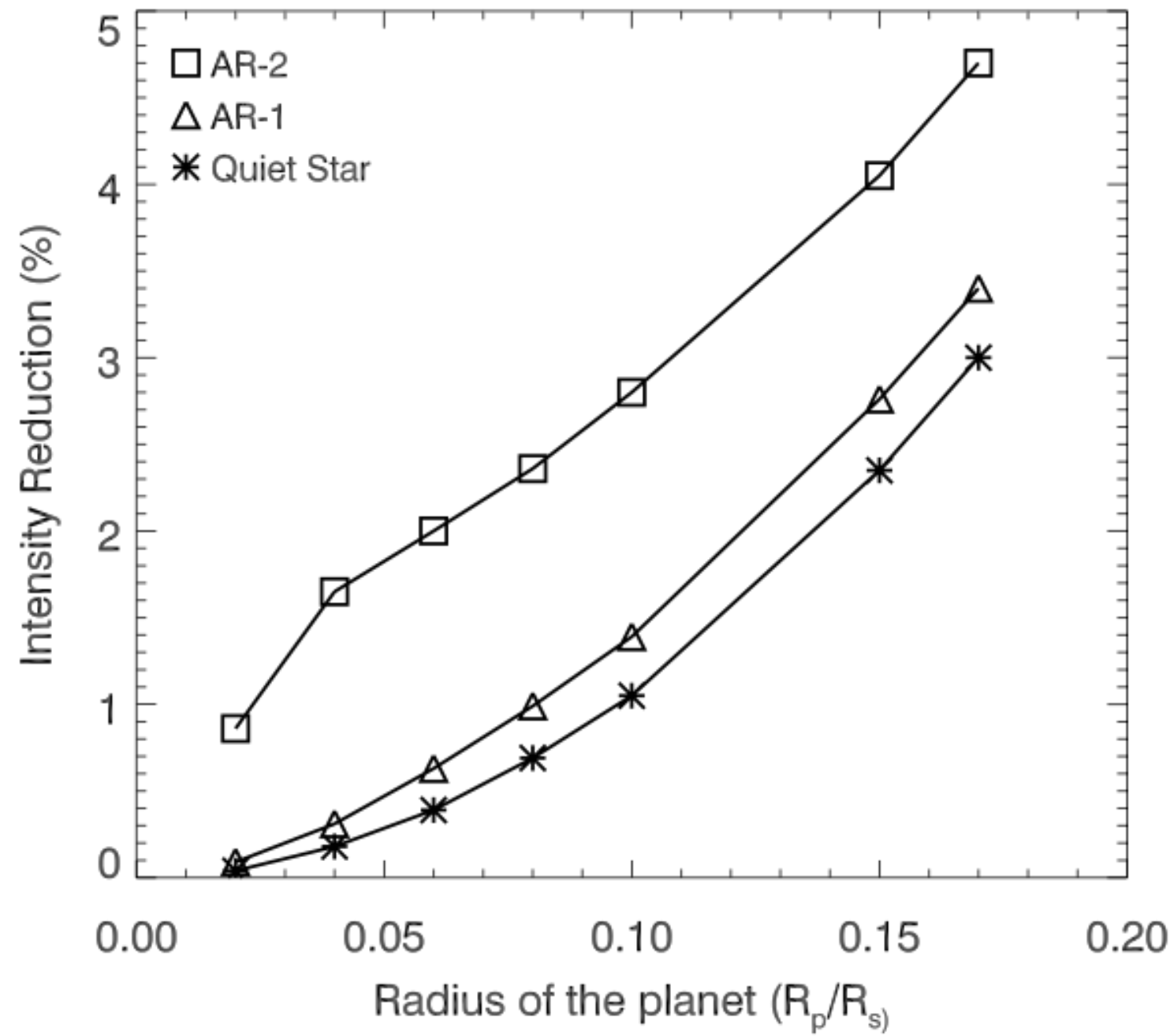


Simulations — Active Regions

— Active region emission: Bremsstrahlung + gyro-resonance



Intensity Reduction X Planet Size



Simulations with Model— Quiet Sun

— Quiet Sun: Bremsstrahlung emission

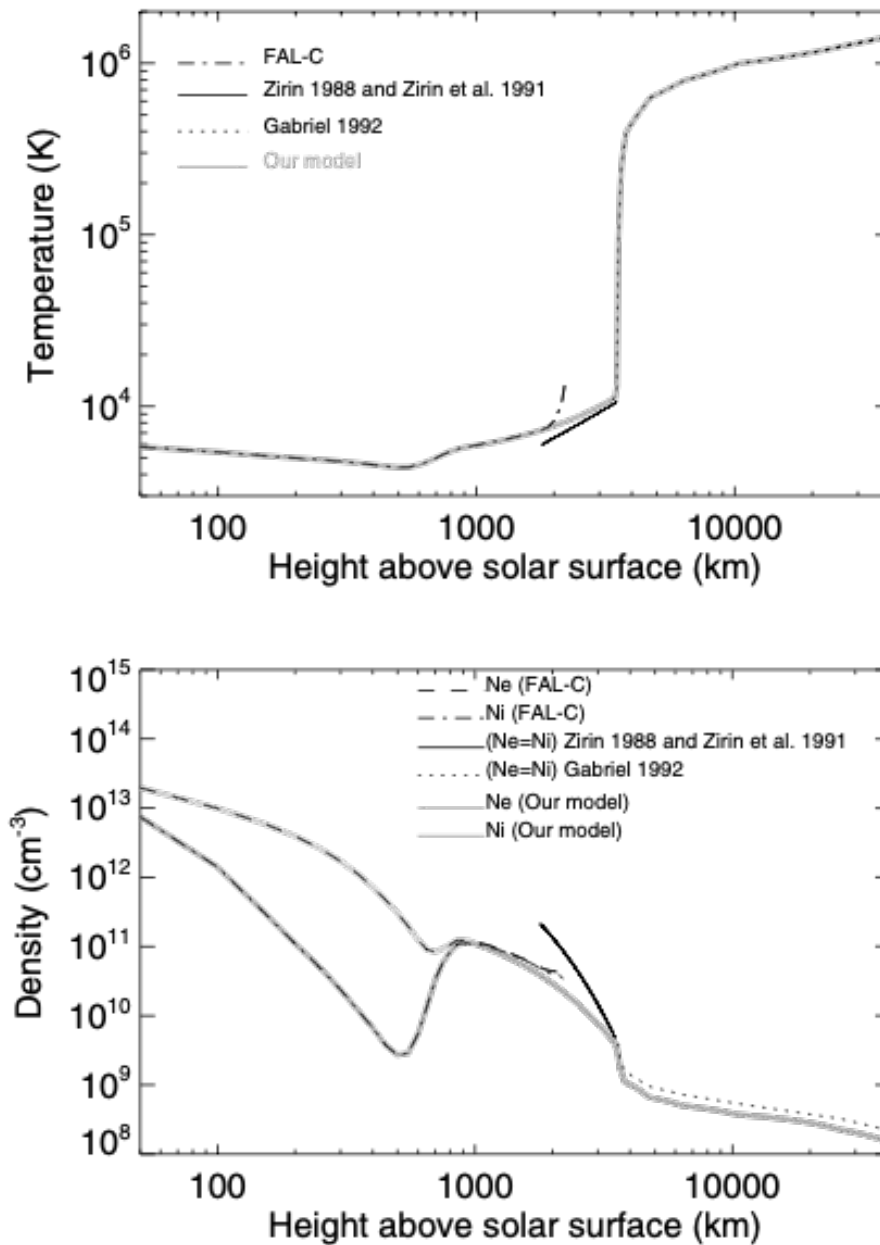


Fig.2. Temperature (*top*) and density (*bottom*) distribution for the photosphere and chromosphere regions.

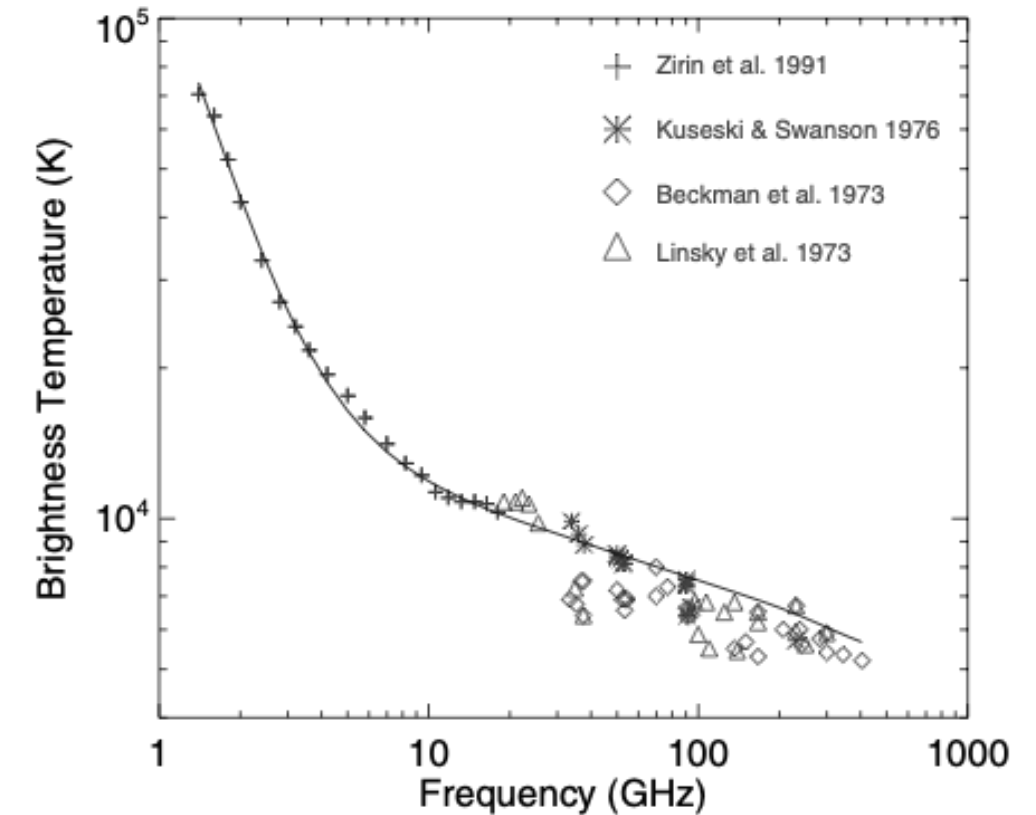
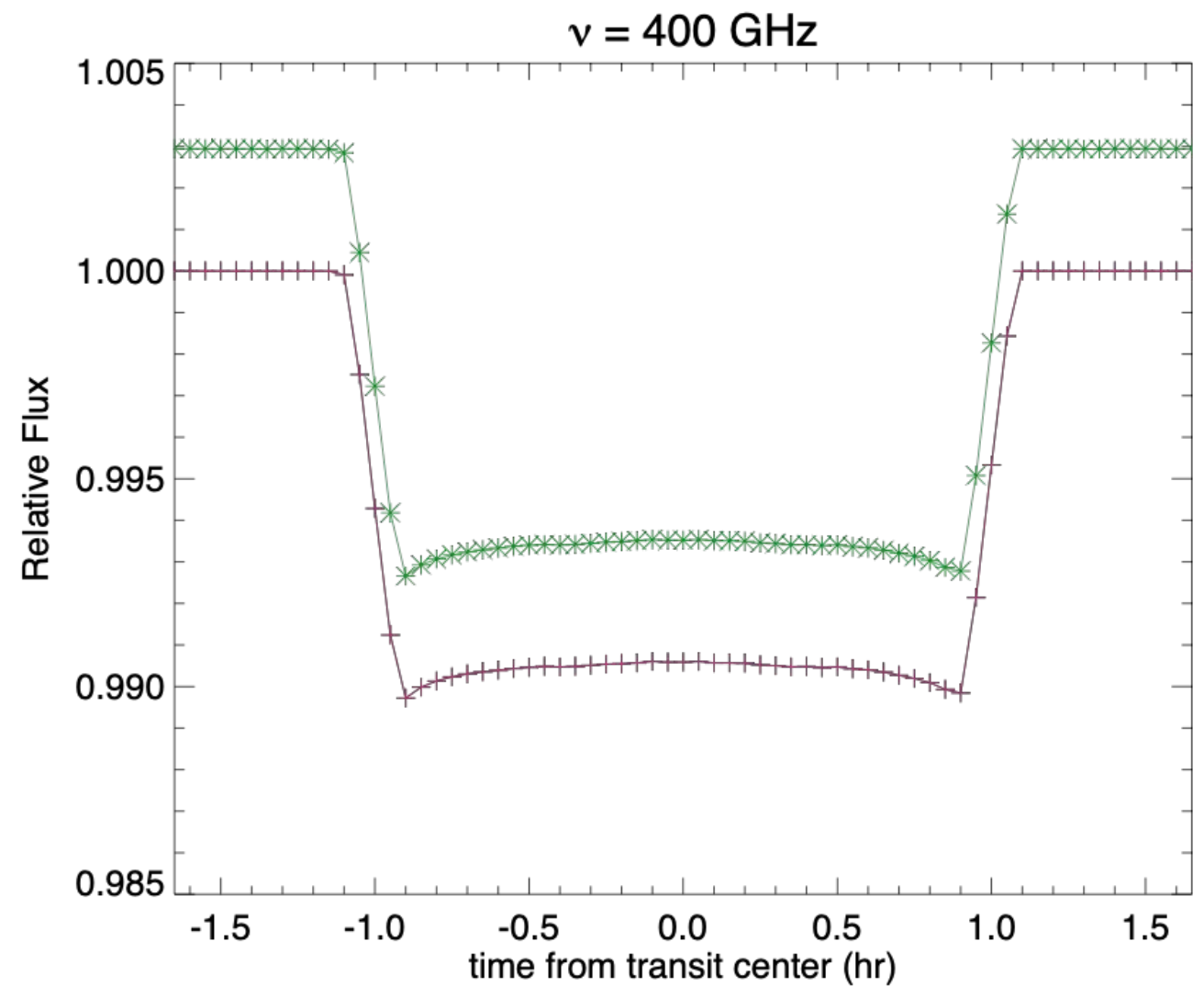
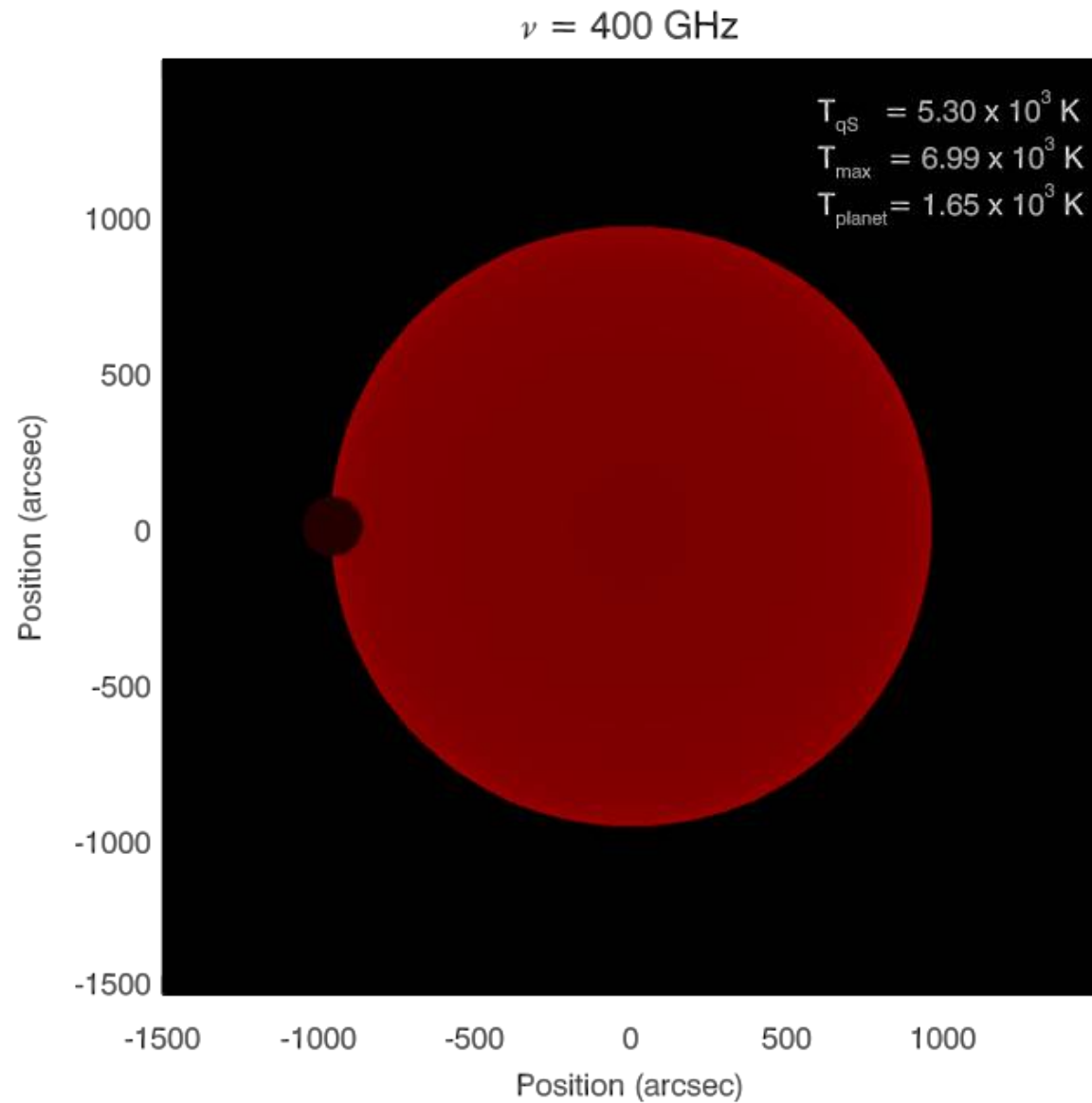


Fig.3. Brightness temperature of the solar disk center at various frequencies from 1.4 to 405 GHz represented by symbols. The solid curve shows the result obtained from our model.

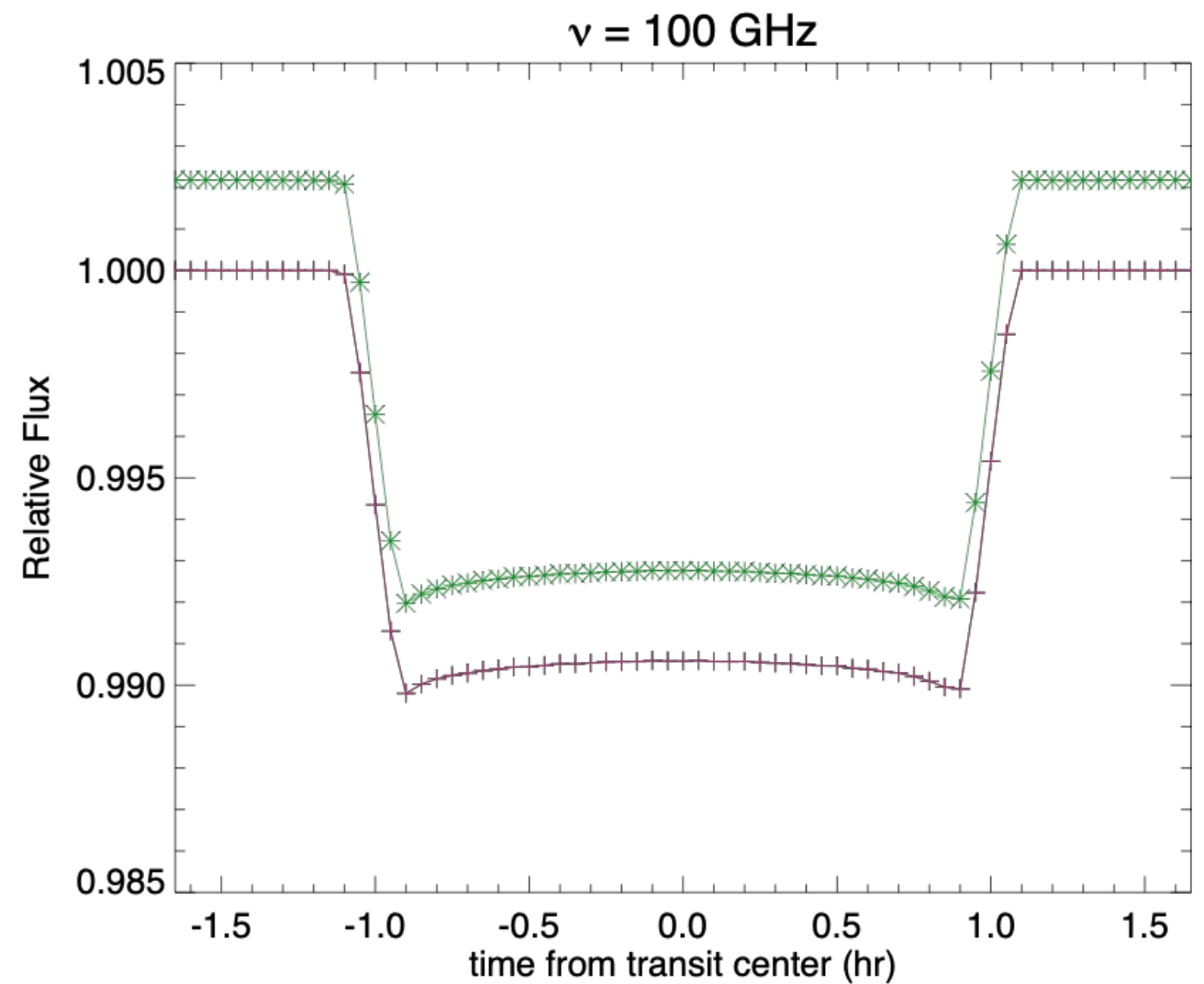
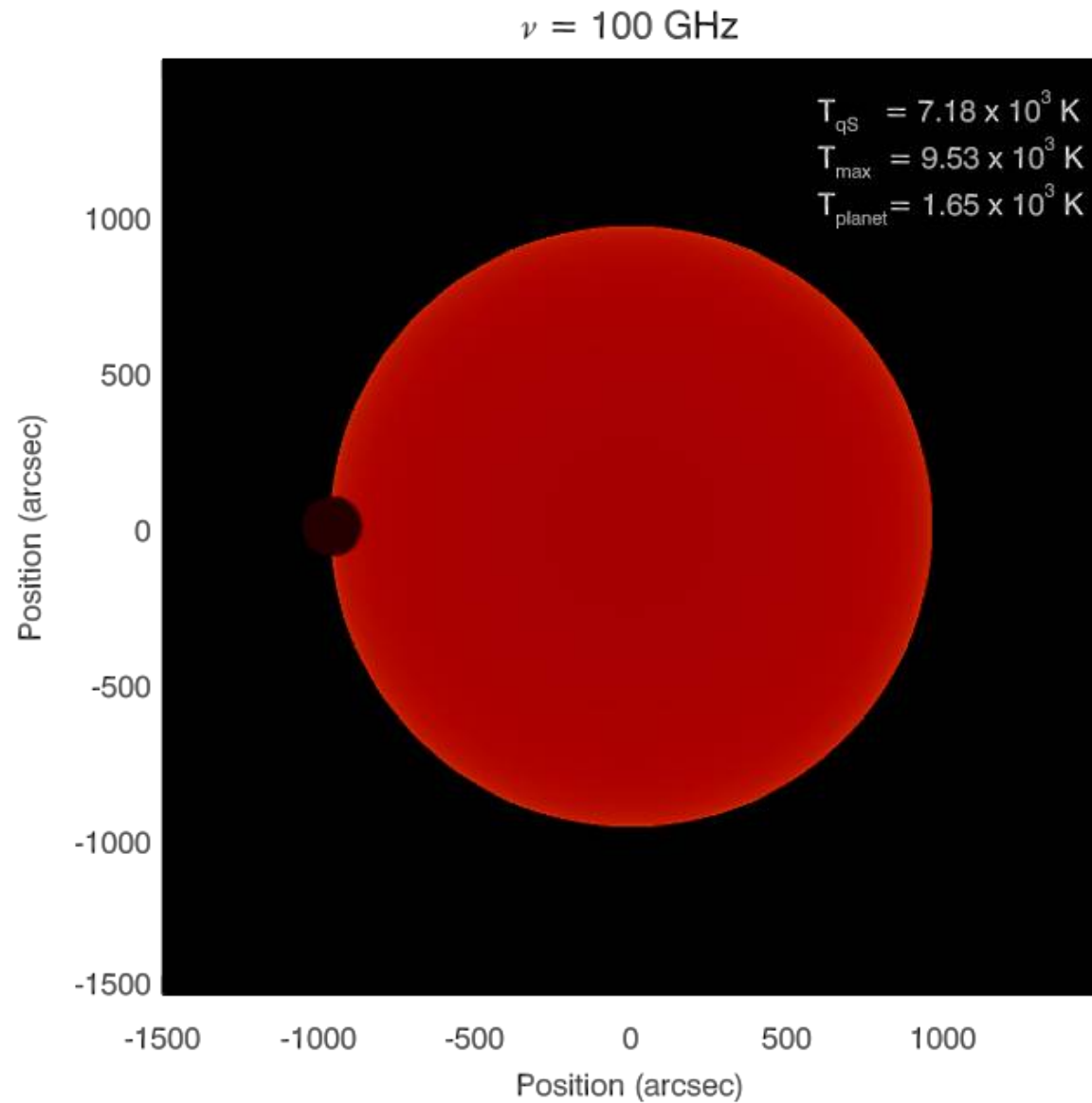
Simulations with Model — Quiet Sun

- Quiet Sun: Bremsstrahlung emission
- Planet: Black Body with $T_B = 1650$ K ($\sim$ Kepler 17b temperature)



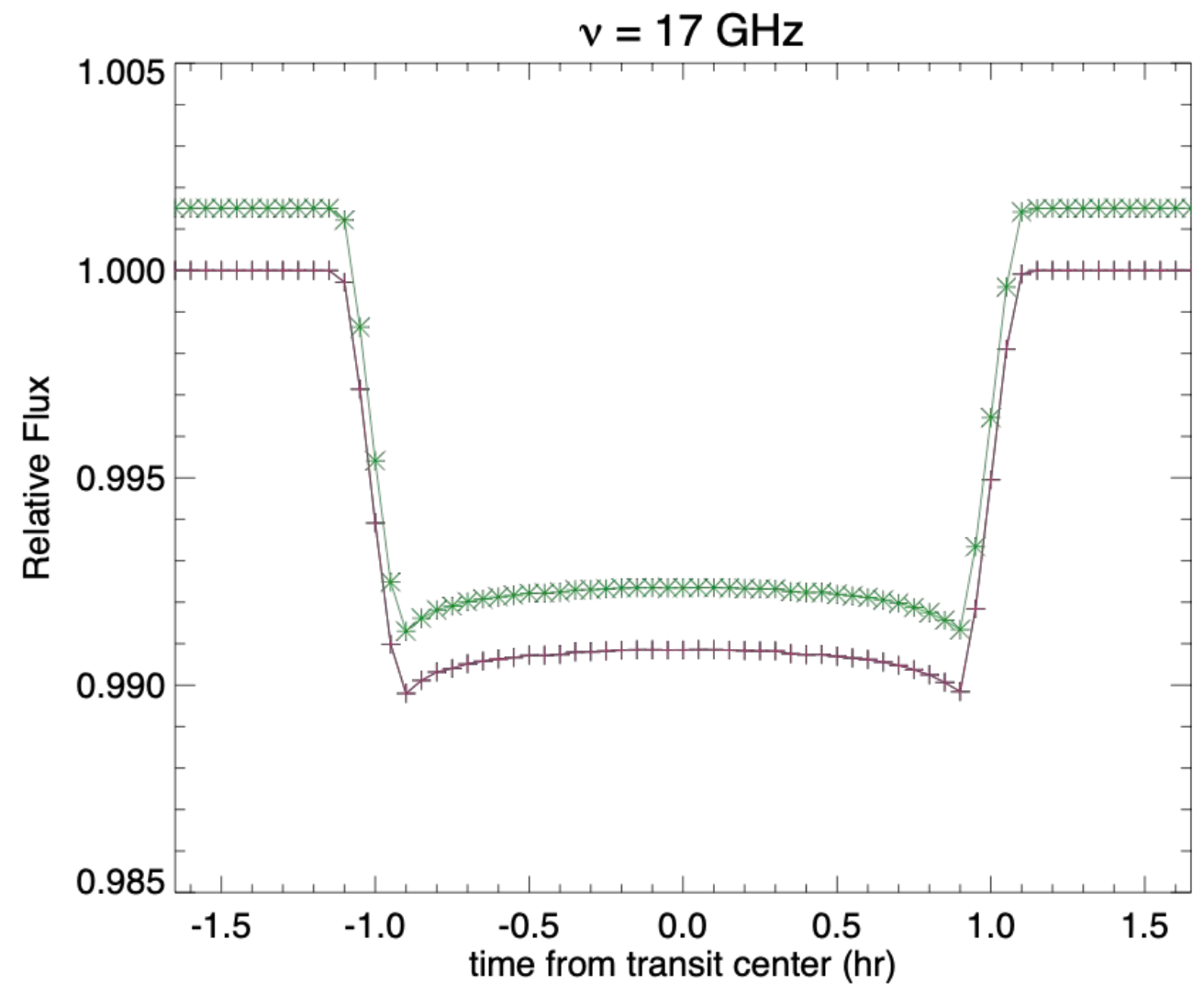
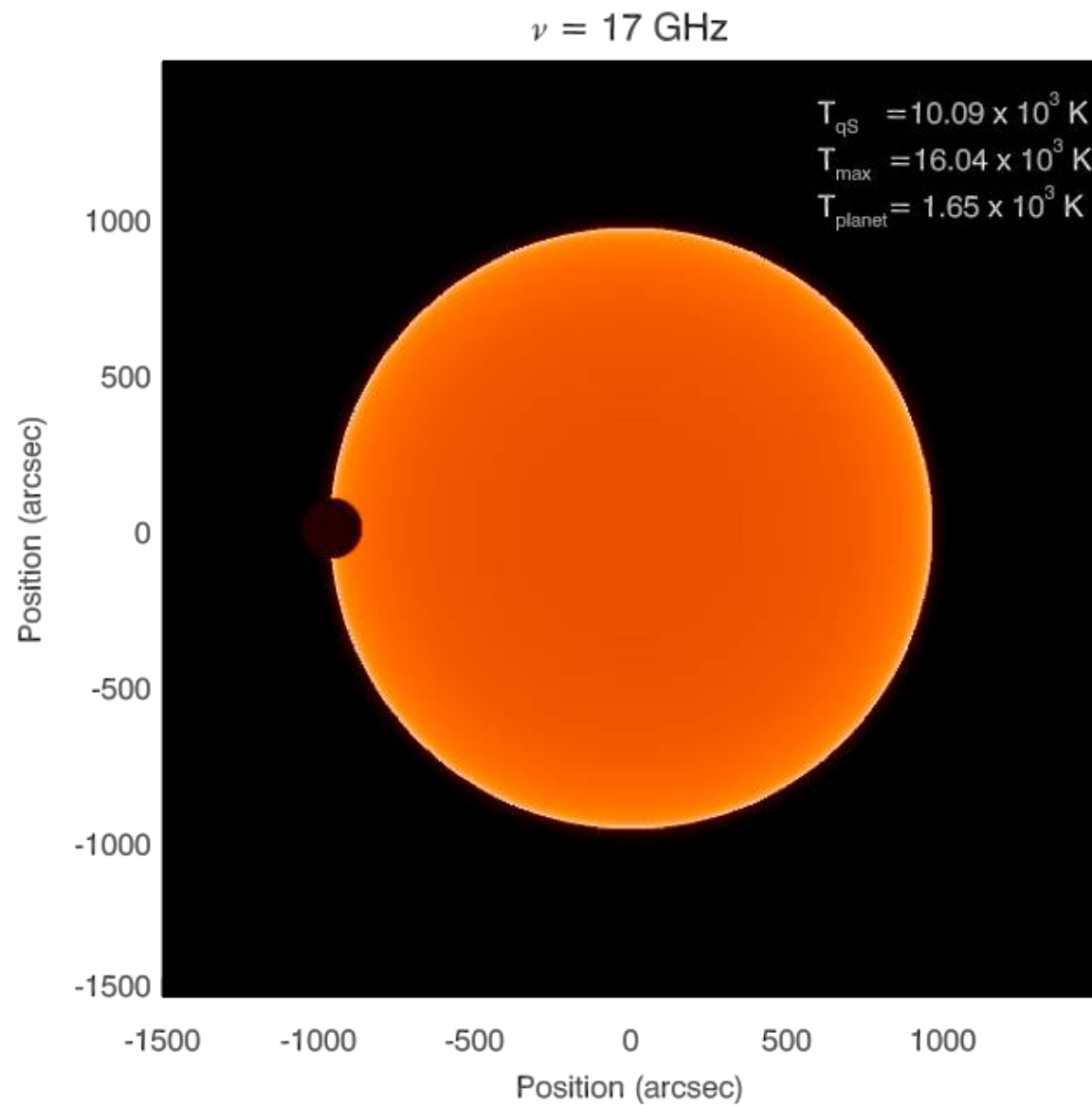
Simulations with Model — Quiet Sun

- Quiet Sun: Bremsstrahlung emission
- Planet: Black Body with $T_B = 1650$ K (~Kepler 17b temperature)

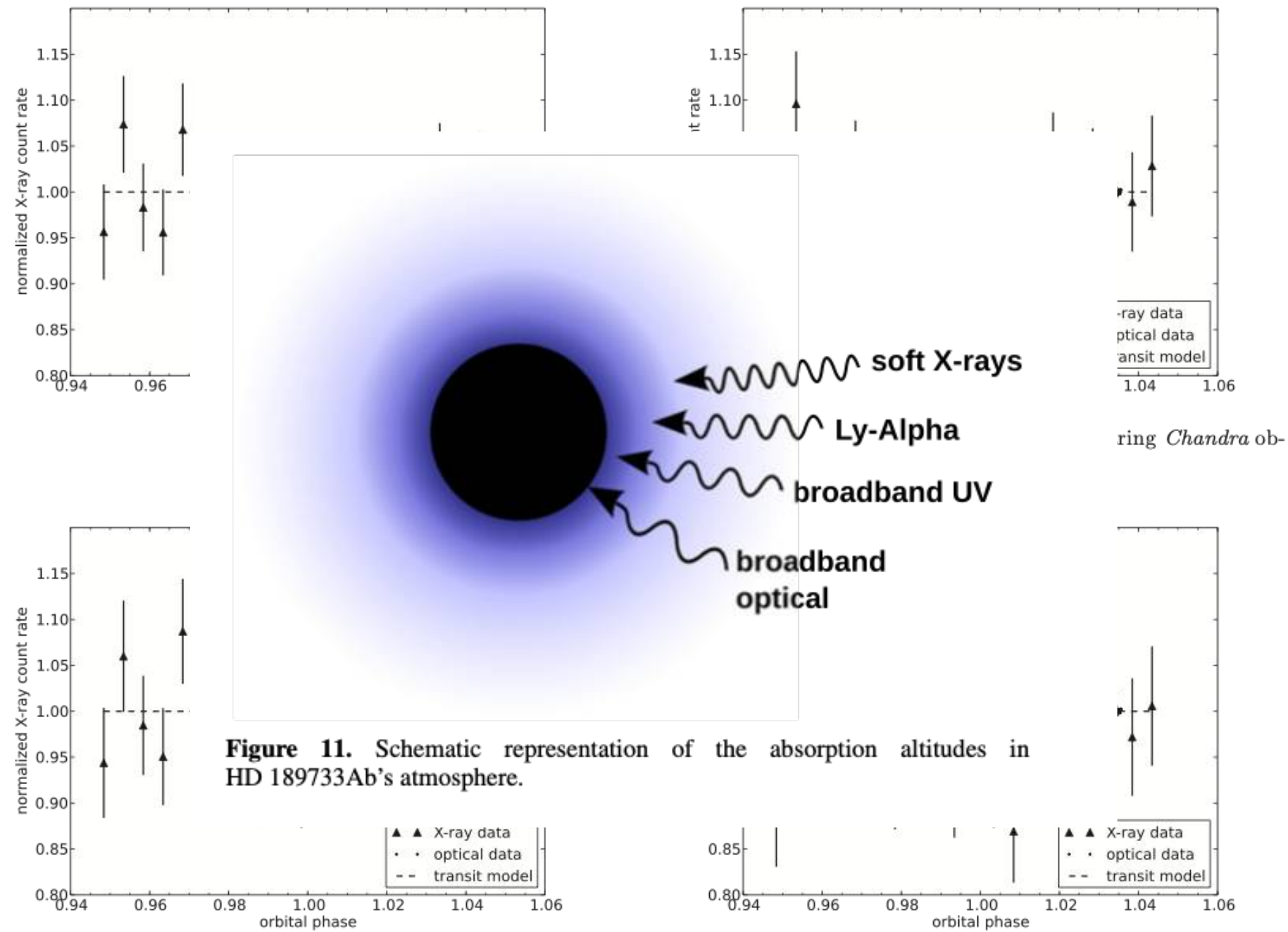


Simulations with Model — Quiet Sun

- Quiet Sun: Bremsstrahlung emission
- Planet: Black Body with $T_B = 1650$ K (~Kepler 17b temperature)



Hot Jupiter Transit at X-ray



(c) Six data sets, excluding the potentially flaring *XMM-Newton* observation

(d) Five quiescent data sets, excluding both potentially flaring observations

Figure 8. X-ray transit in comparison with optical transit data from Winn et al. (2007); vertical bars denote 1σ error bars of the X-ray data, dashed lines show the best fit to a limb-brightened transit model from Schlawin et al. (2010). The X-ray data are rebinned to phase bins of 0.005. The individual figures show different data combinations.

Simulations with Model — Quiet Sun

— Hot Jupiter Atmosphere: following Poppenhaeger et al. 2013

$n_e = 7 \times 10^9 \text{ cm}^{-3}$ at $1.75 R_J$, with a scale height of 5000 km and $T_{\text{const.}} = 15 \times 10^3 \text{ K}$

